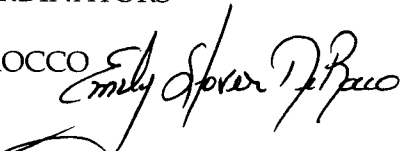


EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ADMINISTRATION ADVISORY SYSTEM U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Washington, D.C. 20210	CLASSIFICATION TAA
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TRAINING AND EMPLOYMENT GUIDANCE LETTER NO. 8-07

TO: STATE WORKFORCE AGENCIES
STATE WORKFORCE LIAISONS
STATE TRADE COORDINATORS

FROM: EMILY STOVER DeROCCO 
Assistant Secretary

SUBJECT: Fiscal Year (FY) 2008 State Base Allocations and the Process for Requesting
Additional Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA) Program Reserve Funds

- Purpose.** To provide states with the formula methodology used in developing the Fiscal Year (FY) 2008 base allocations and to describe the process for requesting additional TAA program reserve funds for training and job search and relocation allowances.
- References.** The Trade Act of 1974, as amended; the Governor-Secretary Agreement; 2 CFR Part 225 (codifying OMB Circular A-87); 20 CFR Part 617; 29 CFR Parts 96, 97, 98, and 99; Training and Employment Guidance Letter (TEGL) 2-04 "Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA) Program Reserve Funds," dated July 14, 2004; and TEGL 6-03 "Fiscal Year (FY) 2004 State Planning Estimates and Process for Requesting Additional Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA) Funds for Training and Administration," dated October 1, 2003.
- Background.** The Employment and Training Administration (ETA) revised its fund allocation process for the TAA program and implemented a formula-based methodology for distributing training funds on October 1, 2003 (TEGL 6-03). This approach enables states to receive a base allocation at the beginning of the fiscal year. The formula has proven effective in allowing states to better plan and manage resources for addressing the employment and training needs of TAA-certified workers.

The funding formula facilitates the fair and equitable distribution of available resources for training; encourages states to serve the greatest number of people with the resources available in the current fiscal year; provides an incentive for states to fund training plans through the end of the current fiscal year rather than mortgaging this year's funds for next

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year's needs; provides states with the ability to more effectively plan and manage the use of their TAA training resources; and is consistent with ETA's goal to secure rapid, suitable, and long-term employment for adversely affected workers.

4. **Overview of Funding Process.** Pending TAA reauthorization legislation and/or FY 2008 appropriations legislation, the attached base allocations assume the TAA program training cap will remain at \$220 million. Should the TAA program appropriation change as a result of reauthorization, the base allocations will be adjusted using the same methodology used to formulate the attached allocations, which are equal to 75 percent, or \$165 million, of \$220 million. The factors used in determining each state's share of the formula funds include previous year accrued expenditures and participant levels. The remaining 25 percent, or \$55 million, should the funding levels remain the same, will be reserved for distribution to states experiencing large, unexpected layoffs or having training needs that exceed available funds.

States must submit a fund request and demonstrate that at least 50 percent of all available TAA training funds have been accrued as expenditures, or otherwise demonstrate need, in order to access reserve funds. To apply for reserve funds, as well as job search and relocation allowance funds, states must use the Standard Form (SF) 424, Application for Federal Assistance and the ETA-9117, Trade Adjustment Assistance Reserve Funding Request Form (OMB Approval Number 1205-0275).

An additional 15 percent will be added for program administration to any base allocation, reserve training funds or job search and relocation allowance funds awarded to states.

5. **FY 2008 Fund Allocation Process.** For FY 2008, the formula is the same as the formula established by TEGL 6-03 -- 75 percent of training funds are available to states by formula, and 25 percent will be held in reserve. The process is as follows:
 - A. **TAA Formula Funds:** 75 percent of the assumed \$220 million available for TAA training -- or \$165 million -- is being distributed to states using the following formula:
 - 50 percent of TAA formula funds, or \$82.5 million, is being distributed based on accrued training expenditures reported for FY 2005, FY 2006 and the first two quarters of FY 2007 on the SF-269, Financial Status Report (i.e., the sum of each state's accrued expenditures for training for FY 2005, FY 2006 and the first two quarters of FY 2007, divided by 2.5).
 - 50 percent of TAA formula funds, or \$82.5 million, is being distributed based on the average number of training participants for FY 2005, FY 2006 and the first two quarters of FY 2007 as reported on the ETA-563, Quarterly Determinations, Allowance Activities and Employability Services (OMB Approval Number 1205-0016) (i.e., the sum of each state's reported participants for FY 2005, FY 2006 and the first two quarters of FY 2007, divided by 2.5).

With regard to participant data, each fiscal year's participants are calculated by taking new participants reported as enrolling in training during that year and

adding them to individuals reported in training on the last day of the prior fiscal year. Participant level data include all trade-affected workers with an approved training plan, regardless of funding source.

- To minimize significant fluctuations in state funding from prior years, the formula for FY 2008 also contains the “hold-harmless” feature used since implementation of the formula. The “hold-harmless” factor ensures that each state’s base allocation is at least 85 percent of the base allocation the state received in FY 2007.
- In those instances where the formula approach would have given states less than \$100,000, those states will not receive a base allocation and will need to use WIA formula funds for TAA training and/or request TAA reserve funds in accordance with the procedures described in Section B.

The base allocations for each state are attached.

- B. **TAA Reserve Funds:** The remaining 25 percent of the \$220 million requested for TAA training – or \$55 million – will be designated for reserve funding. Reserve funds will be distributed to states on an as-needed basis and are designed to provide monies to those states that experience large, unexpected layoffs or have training needs that are not met by their base allocation. In order to be eligible for TAA reserve funds, states must demonstrate that at least 50 percent of all available TAA training funds during FY 2008 have been expended on an accrual basis, or otherwise demonstrate need. States requesting reserve funds must complete the SF-424 and ETA-9117 and submit them in accordance with instructions contained in TEGL 2-04.

In addition to the criteria contained in TEGL 2-04, factors that will be taken into consideration during the review of these funding requests will include the expenditure of FY 2008 base allocation funds; the expenditure of prior fiscal year TAA funds; the availability of WIA and other sources of funds; the number of participants currently enrolled in training; the number of participants with approved training plans who have not started training; the number of anticipated new enrollees; the number of petitions certified; the average take-up rate for training; the average training cost per participant; the average training duration; and the average training completion rate.

- C. **Job Search and Relocation Allowances:** States may also request job search and relocation allowances for trade-affected workers who are unable to find employment within their local commuting area. These funds must be requested using the ETA-9117 and may be submitted at any time or in combination with a request for reserve training funds.
- D. **TAA Program Administration Funds:** States will continue receiving an additional 15 percent of all base allocation, reserve, and job search/relocation allowances for program administration. The administrative funds will be included each time funds are obligated to states by ETA.

The program administration estimates for each state are also included in the attachment.

Consistent with the TAA Annual Cooperative Financial Agreement, ETA may recapture any funds that states are unable to utilize within a reasonable period of time, but only after consultation with and appropriate notification to state officials.

6. **Program Reporting.** The formula approach to distributing TAA funds emphasizes the importance of accurate and timely reporting of training participant and expenditure data on the ETA-563 and the new ETA-9130, U.S. DOL ETA Financial Report (successor to the SF-269, Financial Status Report, (OMB Approval Number 1205-0461). Reported data on these forms are critical in determining the level of funds states will receive each year for serving trade-affected workers. It is in each state's best interest to ensure accuracy and timeliness of reported data in the ETA-563, ETA-9130, and the Trade Act Participant Report (TAPR) (OMB Approval Number 1205-0392). Data on the TAPR are used to derive the average training duration and the training completion rate when evaluating state requests for TAA reserve funds. In addition, accurate information on the SF-424 and ETA-9117 submitted by states is essential for assessing requests for TAA reserve funds and job search and relocation allowances.
7. **Action Required.** States should ensure that all trade and workforce investment program staff are informed and knowledgeable of this funding methodology.
8. **Inquiries.** States should direct all inquiries to the appropriate ETA regional office.
9. **Attachment.** FY 2008 State Base Allocations and Administrative Allotments

Fiscal Year (FY) 2008 TAA Training Base Allocations and Administrative Allotments

State	FY 2008 Training Base Allocation	FY 2008 Administrative Allotment*	Total FY 2008 TAA Base Allocation**
Alabama	\$2,302,891	\$345,434	\$2,648,325
Alaska	\$453,588	\$68,038	\$521,626
Arizona	\$1,763,614	\$264,542	\$2,028,156
Arkansas	\$2,134,407	\$320,161	\$2,454,568
California	\$8,039,756	\$1,205,963	\$9,245,719
Colorado	\$1,259,451	\$188,918	\$1,448,369
Connecticut	\$1,666,896	\$250,034	\$1,916,930
Delaware	\$0	\$0	\$0
District of Columbia	\$0	\$0	\$0
Florida	\$2,420,768	\$363,115	\$2,783,883
Georgia	\$2,728,195	\$409,229	\$3,137,424
Hawaii	\$0	\$0	\$0
Idaho	\$1,727,049	\$259,057	\$1,986,106
Illinois	\$6,108,142	\$916,221	\$7,024,363
Indiana	\$5,869,808	\$880,471	\$6,750,279
Iowa	\$2,737,371	\$410,606	\$3,147,977
Kansas	\$2,005,469	\$300,820	\$2,306,289
Kentucky	\$4,185,738	\$627,861	\$4,813,599
Louisiana	\$442,584	\$66,388	\$508,972
Maine	\$3,619,802	\$542,970	\$4,162,772
Maryland	\$722,081	\$108,312	\$830,393
Massachusetts	\$4,908,229	\$736,234	\$5,644,463
Michigan	\$7,017,486	\$1,052,623	\$8,070,109
Minnesota	\$2,894,147	\$434,122	\$3,328,269
Mississippi	\$1,499,921	\$224,988	\$1,724,909
Missouri	\$3,781,434	\$567,215	\$4,348,649
Montana	\$801,570	\$120,236	\$921,806
Nebraska	\$420,080	\$63,012	\$483,092
Nevada	\$183,172	\$27,476	\$210,648
New Hampshire	\$469,016	\$70,352	\$539,368
New Jersey	\$2,022,807	\$303,421	\$2,326,228
New Mexico	\$336,857	\$50,529	\$387,386
New York	\$2,965,506	\$444,826	\$3,410,332
North Carolina	\$14,812,819	\$2,221,923	\$17,034,742
North Dakota	\$0	\$0	\$0
Ohio	\$5,400,512	\$810,078	\$6,210,590
Oklahoma	\$1,692,461	\$253,869	\$1,946,330
Oregon	\$4,610,952	\$691,643	\$5,302,595
Pennsylvania	\$13,049,996	\$1,957,499	\$15,007,495
Puerto Rico	\$0	\$0	\$0
Rhode Island	\$955,579	\$143,337	\$1,098,916
South Carolina	\$5,164,629	\$774,694	\$5,939,323
South Dakota	\$498,826	\$74,824	\$573,650
Tennessee	\$2,991,208	\$448,681	\$3,439,889
Texas	\$9,741,478	\$1,461,222	\$11,202,700
Utah	\$1,310,880	\$196,632	\$1,507,512
Vermont	\$267,558	\$40,134	\$307,692
Virginia	\$6,316,175	\$947,426	\$7,263,601
Washington	\$10,373,149	\$1,555,972	\$11,929,121
West Virginia	\$1,907,784	\$286,168	\$2,193,952
Wisconsin	\$8,418,159	\$1,262,724	\$9,680,883
Wyoming	\$0	\$0	\$0
US Total	\$165,000,000	\$24,750,000	\$189,750,000

* Each state's administrative allotment represents 15% of its FY 2008 base allocation.

** Each state's allocation represents the sum of its FY 2008 base allocation and administrative allotment.