

STATE OF FLORIDA
REEMPLOYMENT ASSISTANCE APPEALS COMMISSION

In the matter of:

Claimant/Appellee

R.A.A.C. Order No. 16-02602

vs.

Referee Decision No. 0028837401-04U

Employer/Appellant

ORDER OF REEMPLOYMENT ASSISTANCE APPEALS COMMISSION

This case comes before the Commission for disposition of the employer's appeal pursuant to Section 443.151(4)(c), Florida Statutes, of a referee's decision which held the claimant not disqualified from receipt of benefits and charged the employer's account.

Pursuant to the appeal filed in this case, the Reemployment Assistance Appeals Commission has conducted a complete review of the evidentiary hearing record and decision of the appeals referee. *See* §443.151(4)(c), Fla. Stat. The Commission's review is generally limited to the evidence and issues before the referee and contained in the official record.

The issue before the Commission is whether the claimant voluntarily left work without good cause or was discharged by the employer for misconduct connected with work within the meaning of Section 443.101(1), Florida Statutes.

The referee made the following findings of fact:

The claimant was employed as a foreman for [the employer], a commercial electrical contractor, from September 20, 2003, to June 23, 2016. The claimant was aware of his job responsibilities at the time of hire. During the course of the claimant's employment, one of the employer's [foremen] took a leave of absence and the claimant was required to assume the foreman's duties. The claimant was sent to South Florida to take over the other employee's responsibilities. The claimant repeatedly requested additional skilled helpers from the employer because of the nature of the assigned task. The employer stated that it did not have any funding to send the required staff and would hire

unskilled workers to assist the claimant. The claimant was a foreman in South Florida for over one year. On June 23, 2016, the employer sent a foreman to replace the claimant. The foreman sent by the employer to replace the claimant took the employer's equipment from the claimant. The employer's gas card that the claimant used for business purposes was also discontinued on that same day.

Based on these findings, the referee held the claimant was discharged for reasons other than misconduct connected with work. Upon review of the record and the arguments on appeal, the Commission concludes the referee did not adequately analyze the evidence in the record; consequently, the case must be remanded.

The record reflects that on June 22, 2016, the claimant sent the employer's owner a text message, which states, "[h]ave someone meet me at the brown [sic] in the morning so I can bring them up to date as far as what needs to be done. I will give them anything that I have that belongs to [the employer]. I'm just burned out and don't see any reason to stay any longer." The claimant also sent two emails indicating he would not be returning after June 23. Copies of the text message and emails were entered into evidence at the hearing. The employer's owner testified the claimant also called him and told him "he was just tired of the whole way [the employer] was being run and he was done." The claimant acknowledged he sent the text and the emails, but stated that he only intended to leave that jobsite, and did not intend to quit. The claimant denied telling the owner over the telephone that he was quitting. The parties agreed that, on June 23, 2016, the employer sent a replacement foreman and took the employer's equipment from the claimant. Therefore, the referee concluded that the employer discharged the claimant.

While the referee resolved conflicts in the evidence in favor of the claimant, she did not adequately address the conflicting tangible evidence of the employer, specifically the text message in which the claimant states, "I will give them anything that I have that belongs to [the employer]." Although the claimant testified he only intended to leave the jobsite, the text message stating he would return all of his company property the following day contains no such caveat. Even where a witness is deemed more credible than the witness or witnesses for the other party, an element of testimony that is contradicted by probative and admitted tangible evidence cannot be the basis for a finding of fact. *See* R.A.A.C. Order No. 15-03861 (March 8, 2016). Neither the referee's findings nor conclusions reflect that she considered the claimant's text to the employer prior to the employer sending the replacement foreman. In this situation, absent further clarification or explanation, the referee's decision is unsustainable.

Moreover, no reasonable inference can be drawn from these facts that would accept the claimant's interpretation of his text and emails merely as an intent to leave an assignment, while *simultaneously* construing the employer's actions *consistent with those communications* to constitute a discharge. On remand, the referee is directed to render a new decision that includes detailed, specific findings regarding what actually transpired to lead each party to conclude that a separation had occurred, and engage in an analysis of whether the separation should be legally construed as a discharge or a voluntary quit. In the event the parties had differing interpretations of the events, the referee must determine whose actions proximately caused the separation as the "moving party." Just as an employer whose actions reasonably lead a claimant to believe he has been discharged has effectuated a constructive discharge under *LeDew v. Unemployment Appeals Commission*, 456 So. 2d 1219, 1223-24 (Fla. 1st DCA 1984), an employee whose actions reasonably lead an employer to believe he has resigned is responsible for his separation, and it is incumbent upon him in those circumstances to advise the employer otherwise once he becomes aware of the miscommunication before the employer can be held accountable for a discharge.

In order to address the foregoing, the referee's decision is vacated and the case is remanded for further proceedings. On remand, the referee is directed to hold a supplemental hearing, if necessary, and render a new decision that contains accurate and specific findings of fact regarding the circumstances surrounding the claimant's job separation and a proper analysis of those facts,¹ along with an appropriate credibility determination in accordance with Florida Administrative Code Rule 73B-20.025(3)(d). Any hearing convened subsequent to this order shall be deemed supplemental, and all evidence currently in the record shall remain in the record.

¹ If the referee concludes that the claimant initiated the separation, the referee must then determine whether the separation was for disqualifying or non-disqualifying reasons.

The decision of the appeals referee is vacated and the case is remanded for further proceedings.

It is so ordered.

REEMPLOYMENT ASSISTANCE APPEALS COMMISSION

Frank E. Brown, Chairman
Thomas D. Epsky, Member
Joseph D. Finnegan, Member

This is to certify that on

11/1/2016,

the above Order was filed in the office of the Clerk of the Reemployment Assistance Appeals Commission, and a copy mailed to the last known address of each interested party.

By: Kady Ross

Deputy Clerk



DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY
REEMPLOYMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM
PO BOX 5250
TALLAHASSEE, FL 32314 5250



*54717380 *

Docket No.0028 8374 01-04

Jurisdiction: §443.151(4)(a)&(b) Florida Statutes

CLAIMANT/Appellant

EMPLOYER/Appellee

APPEARANCES

Claimant

DECISION OF APPEALS REFEREE

Important appeal rights are explained at the end of this decision.

Derechos de apelación importantes son explicados al final de esta decisión.

Yo eksplike kèk dwa dapèl enpòtan lan fen desizyon sa a.

Issues Involved:

CHARGES TO EMPLOYER'S EMPLOYMENT RECORD: Whether benefit payments made to the claimant will be charged to the employment record of the employer, pursuant to Sections 443.101(9); 443.131(3)(a), Florida Statutes; Rules 73B-10.026; 11.018, Florida Administrative Code. (If charges are not at issue on the current claim, the hearing may determine charges on a subsequent claim.)

SEPARATION: Whether the claimant was discharged for misconduct connected with work or voluntarily left work without good cause as defined in the statute, pursuant to Sections 443.101(1), (9), (10), (11), (13); 443.036(29), Florida Statutes; Rule 73B-11.020, Florida Administrative Code.

FINDINGS OF FACT: The claimant was employed as a foreman for the employer, a commercial electrical contractor, from September 20, 2003, to June 23, 2016. The claimant was aware of his job responsibilities at the time of hire. During the course of the claimant's employment, one of the employer's foreman took a leave of absence and the claimant was required to assume the foreman's duties. The claimant was sent to South Florida to take over the other employee's responsibilities. The claimant repeatedly requested additional skilled helpers from the employer because of the nature of the assigned task. The employer stated that it did not have any funding to send the required staff and would hire unskilled workers to assist the claimant. The claimant was a foreman in South Florida for over one year. On June 23, 2016, the employer sent a foreman to replace the claimant. The foreman sent by the employer to replace the claimant took the employer's equipment from the claimant. The employer's gas card that the claimant used for business purposes was also discontinued on that same day.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW: The law provides that a claimant who voluntarily left work without good cause or was discharged for misconduct connected with the work will be disqualified for benefits.

The Reemployment Assistance Law of Florida defines "misconduct" irrespective of whether the misconduct occurs at the workplace or during working hours, includes but is not limited to, the following, which may not be construed in pari materia with each other:

- a. Conduct demonstrating conscious disregard of an employer's interests and found to be a deliberate violation or disregard of the reasonable standards of behavior which the employer expects of his or her employee. Such conduct may include, but is not limited to, willful damage to an employer's property that results in damage of more than \$50; theft of employer property or property of a customer or invitee of the employer.
- b. Carelessness or negligence to a degree or recurrence that manifests culpability, or wrongful intent, or shows an intentional and substantial disregard of the employer's interest or of the employee's duties and obligations to his or her employer.
- c. Chronic absenteeism or tardiness in deliberate violation of a known policy of the employer or one or more unapproved absences following a written reprimand or warning relating to more than one unapproved absence.
- d. A willful and deliberate violation of a standard or regulation of this state by an employee of an employer licensed or certified by this state, which violation would cause the employer to be sanctioned or have its license or certification suspended by this state.
- e. 1. A violation of an employer's rule, unless the claimant can demonstrate that:
 - a. He or she did not know, and could not reasonably know, of the rule's requirements;
 - b. The rule is not lawful or not reasonably related to the job environment and performance; or
 - c. The rule is not fairly or consistently enforced.
2. Such conduct may include, but is not limited to, committing criminal assault or battery on another employee, or on a customer or invitee of the employer; or committing abuse or neglect of a patient, resident, disabled person, elderly person, or child in her or his professional care.

The record reflects that the employer discharged the claimant. The evidence shows that the employer sent a replacement foreman to the claimant and requested that the claimant return the employer's equipment to the new foreman. Therefore, the employer discharged the claimant. The evidence does not show that the claimant's conduct was a conscious disregard

of an employer's interests and is not found to be a deliberate violation or disregard of the reasonable standards of behavior which the employer expects of his or her employee, as it is reasonable for the claimant to request skilled workers given the nature of the employer's business. The evidence also shows that the claimant did not violated a known rule of the employer. Accordingly, it is held that the claimant was discharged for reasons other than misconduct and is qualified to receive benefits.

The hearing officer was presented with conflicting testimony regarding material issues of fact and is charged with resolving these conflicts. The Reemployment Assistance Appeals Commission set forth factors to be considered in resolving credibility questions. These include the witness' opportunity and capacity to observe the event or act in question; any prior inconsistent statement by the witness; witness bias or lack of bias; the contradiction of the witness' version of events by other evidence or its consistency with other evidence; the inherent improbability of the witness' version of events; and the witness' demeanor. Upon considering these factors, the hearing officer finds the testimony of the claimant to be more credible. Therefore, material conflicts in the evidence are resolved in favor of the claimant.

The law provides that benefits will not be charged to the employment record of a contributing employer who furnishes required notice to the Department when the claimant was discharged for misconduct connected with the work.


The record reflects that the claimant was discharged for reasons other than misconduct connected with the work. Accordingly, the employer's account shall be charged for benefits paid to the claimant.

DECISION: The determination of the claims adjudicator dated July 19, 2016, finding that the claimant was not qualified to receive benefits and the employer's account not charged, is **REVERSED**. The claimant is qualified to receive benefits. The employer's account shall be charged for benefits paid to the claimant.

If this decision disqualifies and/or holds the claimant ineligible for benefits already received, the claimant will be required to repay those benefits. The specific amount of any overpayment will be calculated by the department and set forth in a separate overpayment determination, unless specified in this decision. However, the time to request review of this decision is as shown above and is not stopped, delayed or extended by any other determination, decision or order.

This is to certify that a copy of the above decision was distributed/mailed to the last known address of each interested party on August 18, 2016.

P. Robinson
Appeals Referee

By: 

SONIA CARRASCO, Deputy Clerk

IMPORTANT - APPEAL RIGHTS: This decision will become final unless a written request for review or reopening is filed within 20 calendar days after the distribution/mailed date shown. If the 20th day is a Saturday, Sunday or holiday defined in F.A.C. 73B-21.004, filing may be made on the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday or holiday. If this decision disqualifies and/or holds the claimant ineligible for benefits already received, the claimant will be required to repay those benefits. The specific amount of any overpayment will be calculated by the Department and set forth in a separate overpayment determination. However, the time to request review of this decision is as shown above and is not stopped, delayed or extended by any other determination, decision or order.

A party who did not attend the hearing for good cause may request reopening, including the reason for not attending, at connect.myflorida.com or by writing to the address at the top of this decision. The date of the confirmation page will be the filing date of a request for reopening on the Department's Web Site.

A party who attended the hearing and received an adverse decision may file a request for review to the Reemployment Assistance Appeals Commission, Suite 101 Rhyne Building, 2740 Centerview Drive, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-4151; (Fax: 850-488-2123); <https://raaciap.floridajobs.org>. If mailed, the postmark date will be the filing date. If faxed, hand-delivered, delivered by courier service other than the United States Postal Service, or submitted via the Internet, the date of receipt will be the filing date. To avoid delay, include the docket number and the last five digits of the claimant's social security number. A party requesting review should specify any and all allegations of error with respect to the referee's decision, and provide factual and/or legal support for these challenges. Allegations of error not specifically set forth in the request for review may be considered waived.

There is no cost to have a case reviewed by the Commission, nor is a party required to be represented by an attorney or other representative to have a case reviewed. The Reemployment Assistance Appeals Commission has not been fully integrated into the Department's CONNECT system. While correspondence can be mailed or faxed to the Commission, no correspondence can be submitted to the Commission via the CONNECT system. All parties to an appeal before the Commission must maintain a current mailing address with the Commission. A party who changes his/her mailing address in the CONNECT system must also provide the updated address to the Commission, in writing. All correspondence sent by the Commission, including its final order, will be mailed to the parties at their mailing address on record with the Commission.

IMPORTANTE - DERECHOS DE APELACIÓN: Esta decisión pasará a ser final a menos que una solicitud por escrito para revisión o reapertura se registre dentro de 20 días de calendario después de la distribución/fecha de envío marcada en que la decisión fue remitida por correo. Si el vigésimo (20) día es un sábado, un domingo o un feriado definidos en F.A.C. 73B-21.004, el registro de la solicitud se puede realizar en el día siguiente que no sea un sábado, un domingo o un feriado. Si esta decisión descalifica y/o declara al reclamante como inelegible para recibir beneficios que ya fueron recibidos por el reclamante, se le requerirá al reclamante reembolsar esos beneficios. La cantidad específica de cualquier sobrepago [pago excesivo de beneficios] será calculada por la Agencia y establecida en una determinación de pago excesivo de beneficios que será emitida por separado. Sin embargo, el límite de tiempo para solicitar la revisión de esta decisión es como se establece anteriormente y dicho límite no es detenido, demorado o extendido por ninguna otra determinación, decisión u orden.

Una parte que no asistió a la audiencia por una buena causa puede solicitar una reapertura, incluyendo la razón por no haber comparecido en la audiencia, en connect.myflorida.com o escribiendo a la dirección en la parte superior de esta decisión. La fecha de la página de confirmación será la fecha de presentación de una solicitud de reapertura en la página de Internet del Departamento.

Una parte que asistió a la audiencia y recibió una decisión adversa puede registrar una solicitud de revisión con la Comisión de Apelaciones de Servicios de Reempleo; Reemployment Assistance Appeals Commission, Suite 101 Rhyne Building, 2740 Centerview Drive, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-4151; (Fax: 850-488-2123); <https://raaciap.floridajobs.org>. Si la solicitud es enviada por correo, la fecha del sello de la oficina de correos será la fecha de registro de la solicitud. Si es enviada por telefax, entregada a mano, entregada por servicio de mensajería, con la excepción del Servicio Postal de Estados Unidos, o realizada vía el Internet, la fecha en la que se recibe la solicitud será la fecha de registro. Para evitar demora, incluya el número de expediente [*docket number*] y los últimos cinco dígitos del número de seguro social del reclamante. Una parte que solicita una revisión debe especificar cualquiera y todos los alegatos de error con respecto a la decisión del árbitro, y proporcionar fundamentos reales y/o legales para substanciar éstos desafíos. Los alegatos de error que no se establezcan con especificidad en la solicitud de revisión pueden considerarse como renunciados.

No hay ningún costo para tener un caso revisado por la Comisión, ni es requerido que una parte sea representado por un abogado u otro representante para poder tener un caso revisado. La Comisión de Apelación de Asistencia de Reempleo no ha sido plenamente integrado en el sistema CONNECT del Departamento. Mientras que la correspondencia puede ser enviada por correo o por fax a la Comisión, ninguna correspondencia puede ser sometida a la Comisión a través del sistema CONNECT. Todas las partes en una apelación ante la Comisión deben mantener una dirección de correo actual con la Comisión. La parte que cambie su dirección de correo en el sistema CONNECT también debe proporcionar la dirección actualizada a la Comisión, por escrito. Toda la correspondencia enviada por la Comisión, incluida su orden final, será enviada a las partes en su dirección de correo en el registro con la Comisión.

ENPÒTAN - DWA DAPÈL: Desizyon sa a ap definitiv sòf si ou depoze yon apèl nan yon delè 20 jou apre dat distribisyon/postaj. Si 20yèm jou a se yon samdi, yon dimanch oswa yon jou konje, jan sa defini lan F.A.C. 73B-21.004, depo an kapab fèt jou aprè a, si se pa yon samdi, yon dimanch oswa yon jou konje. Si desizyon an diskalifye epi/oswa deklare moun k ap fè demann lan pa kalifye pou alokasyon li resevwa deja, moun k ap fè demann lan ap gen pou li remèt lajan li te resevwa a. Se Ajans lan k ap kalkile montan nenpòt ki peman anplis epi y ap detèmine sa lan yon desizyon separe. Sepandan, delè pou mande revizyon desizyon sa a se delè yo bay anwo a; Okenn lòt detèminasyon, desizyon oswa lòd pa ka rete, retade oubyen pwolonje dat sa a.

Yon pati ki te gen yon rezon valab pou li pat asiste seyans lan gen dwa mande pou yo ouvri ka a ankò; fòk yo bay rezon yo pat ka vini an epi fè demann nan sou sitwèb sa a, connect.myflorida.com oswa alekri nan adrès ki mansyone okomansman desizyon sa a. Dat cofimasyon page sa pral jou ou ranpli deman pou reouvewti dan web sit depatman.

Yon pati ki te asiste odyans la epi li resevwa yon desizyon negatif kapab soumèt yon demann pou revizyon retounen travay Asistans Komisyon Apèl la, Suite 101 Rhyne Building, 2740 Centerview Drive, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-4151; (Faks: 850-488-2123); <https://raaciap.floridajobs.org>. Si poste a, dat tenm ap dat li ranpli aplikasyon. Si fakse, men yo-a delivre, lage pa sèvis mesajè lòt pase Etazini Sèvis nan Etazini Nimewo, oswa soumèt sou Entènèt la, dat yo te resevwa ap dat li ranpli aplikasyon. Pou evite reta, mete nimewo rejis la ak senk dènye chif nimewo sekirite sosyal demandè a sosyal demandè a sekirite. Yon pati pou mande revizyon ta dwe presize nenpòt ak tout akizasyon nan erè ki gen rapò ak desizyon abit la, yo epi bay sipò reyèl ak / oswa legal pou defi sa yo. Alegasyon sou erè pa espesyalman tabli nan demann nan pou revizyon yo kapab konsidere yo egzante.

Pa gen okenn kou pou Komisyon an revize yon ka, ni ke yon pati dwe reprezante pa yon avoka oubyen lòt reprezantan pou ke la li a revize. Komisyon Apèl Asistans Reyanbochaj pa te entegre antyèman nan sistèm CONNECT Depatman an. Byenke korespondans kapab fakse oubyen pòste bay Komisyon an, okenn korespondans pa kapab soumèt bay Komisyon an atravè sistèm CONNECT. Tout pati ki nan yon apèl devan Komisyon an dwe mentni yon adrès postal ki ajou avèk Komisyon an. Yon pati ki chanje adrès postal li nan sistèm CONNECT la dwe bay Komisyon an adrès ki mete ajou a tou. Tout korespondans ke Komisyon an voye, sa enkli manda final li, pral pòste voye bay pati yo nan adrès postal yo genyen nan achiv Komisyon an.

An equal opportunity employer/program. Auxiliary aids and services are available upon request to individuals with disabilities. All voice telephone numbers on this document may be reached by persons using TTY/TDD equipment via the Florida Relay Service at 711.

ENGLISH :

This document contains important information, dates, or eligibility status regarding your Reemployment Assistance claim. It is important for you to understand this document. This document is available in Spanish and Creole. If you do not read or understand Spanish, English, or Creole, call 1-800-681-8102 for free translation assistance regarding your Reemployment Assistance claim.

FRENCH / FRANCAIS :

Le présent document contient des informations importantes, dont des dates ou le statut d'éligibilité relatif à votre demande d'aide au réemploi. Vous devez absolument en comprendre les tenants et les aboutissants. Si vous ne lisez ni ne comprenez l'anglais, veuillez composer le numéro de téléphone 1-800-681-8102 pour obtenir une traduction gratuite par rapport votre demande d'aide au réemploi.

SPANISH / ESPAÑOL :

Este documento contiene importante información, fechas, o estado de elegibilidad con respecto a su solicitud de Asistencia de Reempleo. Es importante que usted comprenda este documento. Este documento está disponible en Español http://floridajobs.org/Unemployment/bri/BRI_Spanish.pdf. Si no lee o entiende Inglés, llame al 1-800-204-2418 para asistencia de traducción gratuita en relación con su solicitud de Asistencia de Reempleo.

ITALIAN / ITALIANO :

Questo documento contiene informazioni importanti, date o stato di idoneità relativi alla richiesta di reimpiego. È importante comprendere questo documento. Se non legge o comprende l'inglese, chiamare il numero 1-800-681-8102 per assistenza gratuita alla traduzione a proposito della richiesta di reimpiego.

GERMAN / DEUTSCHE :

Dieses Dokument enthält wichtige Informationen, Daten oder Berechtigungsstatus hinsichtlich Ihrer Wiedereinstellungshilfsanspruchs. Es ist wichtig für Sie, dieses Dokument zu verstehen. Falls Sie Deutsch nicht verstehen oder nicht lesen können, wenden Sie sich für eine kostenlose Übersetzungshilfe hinsichtlich Ihres Wiedereinstellungshilfsanspruchs an 1-800-681-8102.

SERBIAN / SRPSKI :

Ovaj dokument sadrži važne informacije, datume ili dostupnost vezano za Vaš zahtjev za pomoć kod ponovnog zapošljavanja. Važno je da razumijete ovaj dokument. Ako ne možete pročitati ili razumjeti engleski jezik, pozovite 1-800-681-8102 za besplatnu pomoć s prijevodom vezano za vaš zahtjev za pomoć pri ponovnom zapošljavanju.

BOSNIAN-CROATIAN / BOSANSKI-HRVATSKI :

Ovaj dokument sadrži važne informacije, datume ili status kvalificiranosti po pitanju vašeg traženja podrške pri ponovnom zapošljavanju. Za vas je važno da razumijete ovaj dokument. Ako ne možete čitati ili razumjeti engleski, pozovite 1-800-681-8102 da dobijete besplatnu pomoć pri prijepodu u vezi vašeg traženja podrške pri ponovnom zapošljavanju.

HAITIAN CREOLE / KREYÒL AYISYEN :

Dokiman sa a gen enfòmasyon enpòtan, dat, oubyen estati kalifikasyon konsènan reklamasyon Asistans Reyanbochaj ou. Li enpòtan pou ou konprann dokiman sa a. Dokiman sa disponib an kreyòl nan http://floridajobs.org/Unemployment/bri/BRI_Creole.pdf. Si ou pa li oswa konprann anglè rele 1-800-204-2418 pou sèvis tradiksyon gratis konsènan reklamasyon Asistans Reyanbochaj ou.

CHINESE TRADITIONAL / 中國 :

本檔包含與您的再就業援助申請相關的重要資訊、日期或資格有效狀態。請您務必理解本檔之內容。如果您閱讀或理解英語的能力有限，請撥電話 1-800-681-8102，取得與您的再就業援助申請相關的免費翻譯協助。

CHINESE SIMPLIFIED / 中文 :

本文件包含与您的再就业援助申请相关的重要信息、日期或资格有效状态。请您务必理解本文件的内容。如果您阅读或理解英语的能力有限，请拨电话 1-800-681-8102，获得与您的再就业援助申请相关的免费翻译协助。

JAPANESE / 日本語 :

この文書には、あなたの再雇用支援の申し立てに関する重要な情報、日付、または資格が示されています。必ずこの文書をよく読んで内容を理解してください。英語を読むことも理解することもできない場合は、お電話（1-800-681-8102）にてお問い合わせになり、再雇用支援の申し立てに関する無料の翻訳支援を受けてください。

VIETNAMESE / TIẾNG VIỆT :

Hồ sơ này có các thông tin quan trọng, ngày tháng, hoặc tình trạng điều kiện hội đủ về đơn đề nghị Hỗ Trợ Tìm Việc Làm của quý vị. Điều quan trọng là quý vị phải hiểu rõ hồ sơ này. Nếu quý vị không đọc hoặc hiểu được tiếng Anh, hãy gọi đến số 1-800-681-8102 để được hỗ trợ biên dịch miễn phí về đơn đề nghị Hỗ Trợ Tìm Việc Làm của quý vị.

ARABIC / العربية اللغة :

يحتوي هذا المستند على معلومات مهمة أو تواريخ أو وضع الأهلية فيما يتعلق بدعوى المساعدة في إعادة التوظيف. ومن الأهمية لك أن تفهم هذا المستند. وإذا لم تقرا النص الإنجليزي أو تفهمه، يرجى الاتصال على للحصول هاتف رقم: 1-800-681-8102 على الترجمة المتعلقة بدعوى المساعدة في إعادة التوظيف.

FARSI / فارسی :

این سند حاوی اطلاعات، تاریخها یا تقاضای ایجاد شرایط بودن شما در مورد درخواست کمک هزینه استخدام مجدد شما می باشد. درک این سند برای شما مهم است. اگر نمی توانید به انگلیسی بخوانید یا انگلیسی نمی فهمید با شماره 1-800-681-8102 برای ترجمه رایگان در مورد تقاضای کمک هزینه استخدام مجدد خود تماس بگیرید.

RUSSIAN / РУССКИЙ :

В этом документе содержится важная информация, даты или сведения о статусе соответствия требованиям в отношении Вашего заявления о помощи в получении новой работы при увольнении. Важно, чтобы Вы поняли этот документ. Если Вы не можете прочесть текст на английском языке или не понимаете английский язык, позвоните по номеру 1-800-681-8102, чтобы получить бесплатные услуги перевода в отношении Вашего заявления о помощи в получении новой работы при увольнении.